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SUBJ: HUMAN RIGHTS REPORT FOR CONGRESSIONAL PRESENTATION
REPORT --

REF: (A) STATE 307523; (B) STATE 306085; (C) STATE 306890

TEXT FOLLOWS OF UNCLASSIFIED HUMAN RIGHTS REPORT ON PERU
(REF.A), FOR EMBASSY INFO AND ANY NECESSARY COMMENT.
REPORT IS RE-WORK OF THAT BEING SUBMITTED TO FRASER
SUBCOMMITTEE (REF. B & C)

1. POLITICAL SITUATION

PERU HAS BEEN RULED BY MILITARY GOVERNMENTS SINCE OCTOBER
3, 1968. FOR EIGHT YEARS, SUCCESSIVE "REVOLUTIONARY
GOVERNMENTS OF THE ARMED FORCES" HAVE CONSCIOUSLY SOUGHT
TO PROMOTE FUNDAMENTAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHANGES

WITHOUT VIOLENCE -- AND TO SOME EXTENT FOR THE PURPOSE
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OF PREEMPTING IT. ALTHOUGH POLITICAL PARTIES WERE NOT
PROSCRIBED, PARLIAMENT WAS CLOSED, AND INDIVIDUAL CRITICS
WERE OCCASIONALLY DEPORTED.

ON AUGUST 29, 1975, GENERAL JUAN VELASCO, WHO HAD LED
THE 1968 REVOLUTION, WAS REPLACED IN A BLOODLESS COUP
BY THE THEN PRIME MINISTER, GENERAL FRANCISCO MORALES
BERMUDEZ. THE NEW PRESIDENT SUBSEQUENTLY ANNOUNCED THAT
THE REVOLUTIONARY PROCESS HAD ENTERED A "SECOND PHASE",

AND THAT "EXCESSES" WOULD BE "RECTIFIED".

ONE OF MORALES BERMUDEZ' FIRST MEASURES ON ASSUMING THE PRESIDENCY WAS TO PROMISE AN AMNESTY FOR THE POLITICIANS AND JOURNALISTS WHO HAD BEEN JAILED OR EXILED UNDER VELASCO. BY EARLY 1976 HE HAD LARGELY FULFILLED THAT PROMISE AND HAD BEGUN TO DEVELOP POLICIES DESIGNED TO STRENGTHEN INDIVIDUAL INITIATIVE AND CONSOLIDATE THE REFORM PROGRAMS.

AN INCREASINGLY DIFFICULT ECONOMIC SITUATION LED THE GOVERNMENT OF PERU TO ENACT NEEDED BUT UNPOPULAR ECONOMIC AUSTERITY MEASURES IN JUNE-JULY 1976. FOLLOWING DISTURBANCES, THE GOVERNMENT DECREED A NATIONAL STATE OF EMERGENCY AND IMPOSED A CURFEW IN THE CAPITAL. SOME OPPOSITION ACTIVISTS HAVE AGAIN BEEN ARRESTED OR DEPORTED AND SEVERAL WEEKLY MAGAZINES HAVE BEEN CLOSED. HOWEVER, THE APPOINTMENT OF CIVILIAN MINISTERS FOR THE FIRST TIME IN EIGHT YEARS, AND INTENSIFIED GOVERNMENT DISCUSSION OF POPULAR PARTICIPATION IN THE POLITICAL PROCESS AT LOWER ADMINISTRATION LEVELS HAVE LED TRADITIONAL POLITICAL PARTIES TO HOPE FOR A RENEWED "OPENING TOWARD DEMOCRACY".

11. LEGAL SITUATION

THE BASIC PERUVIAN LAW IS THE CONSTITUTION OF 1933, AS AMENDED, WHICH GUARANTEES UNIVERSALLY RECOGNIZED HUMAN LIMITED OFFICIAL USE
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RIGHTS. HOWEVER, THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS THE REVOLUTIONARY STATUTE OF 1968 TO SUPERCEDE THE CONSTITUTION WHEREVER THE TWO CONFLICT. THE CONGRESS HAS BEEN DISBANDED AND ELECTIONS SUSPENDED. LAWS ARE ENACTED BY DECREE, ALTHOUGH SOME ARE SUBMITTED TO AN INVOLVED PROCESS OF CONSULTATION AND QUASI-REFERENDUM BEFORE BEING PROMULGATED.

THE CONSTITUTION PERMITS THE SUSPENSION OF ITS LEGAL PROTECTIONS WHEN THE SECURITY OF THE STATE REQUIRES. THE CURRENT STATE OF EMERGENCY WAS ENACTED IN JULY 1976 IN

ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSTITUTION. SINCE THEN, THE NUMBER OF ARRESTS AND DETENTIONS HAS INCREASED AND THERE HAVE BEEN UNSUBSTANTIATED REPORTS OF MISSING PERSONS. THOSE DETAINED, HOWEVER, ARE GENERALLY RELEASED FOLLOWING INTERROGATION.

ALTHOUGH PERUVIAN COURTS ARE NOMINALLY INDEPENDENT OF THE EXECUTIVE, THE GOVERNMENT HAS OCCASIONALLY OVERRULED THEM ON POLICY MATTERS. CIVILIAN COURTS HAVE NO JURISDICTION IN SECURITY CASES.

111. OBSERVANCE OF INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED HUMAN RIGHTS

A. INTEGRITY OF THE PERSON:

ARTICLE 3: THE RIGHTS OF LIFE, LIBERTY AND SECURITY OF PERSON ARE GENERALLY RESPECTED. THE GOVERNMENT DOES NOT EXECUTE POLITICAL PRISONERS, NOR DOES IT CONDONE FLAGRANT DENIALS OF PERSONAL SECURITY.

ARTICLE 5: LAW ENFORCEMENT TECHNIQUES AND PRISON CONDITIONS IN PERU HAVE GIVEN RISE TO OCCASIONAL REPORTS OF POLICE BRUTALITY. IN 1974 THE DOMESTIC PERUVIAN PRESS DENOUNCED INSTANCES OF TORTURE BY POLICE IN LIMITED OFFICIAL USE
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INTERROGATING PRISONERS. IN SEPTEMBER OF THAT YEAR PRESIDENT VELASCO PUBLICLY (ONDEMNED THE PRACTICE AND ANNOUNCED AN INVESTIGATION. THE PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT INSISTS IT DOES NOT CONDONE TORTURE AND OTHER INHUMAN AND DEGRADING TREATMENT OF DETAINEES.

ARTICLE 8: PERUVIAN CITIZENS CAN SEEK LEGAL REDRESS FOR GOVERNMENT ACTS VIOLATING FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS GRANTED BY THE CONSTITUTION. HOWEVER, BECAUSE SOME OF THOSE RIGHTS HAVE BEEN SUSPENDED BY DECREE UNDER THE STATE OF EMERGENCY, THEY CANNOT BE SURE OF OBTAINING A REMEDY IN COURT.

ARTICLE 9: PERSONS SUSPECTED OF HOSTILE POLITICAL OR SECURITY ACTIVITIES HAVE OCCASIONALLY BEEN SUBJECTED TO ARBITRARY ARREST AND DETENTION WITHOUT CHARGES. DURING THE VELASCO REGIME, PARTICULARLY ITS LAST YEARS, AN ESTIMATED 100-150 PERSONS WERE EXPELLED FROM PERU OR CHOSE VOLUNTARY EXILE. THESE INCLUDED STUDENTS, UNION ACTIVISTS AND PEASANT LEADERS. PRESIDENT MORALES BERMUDEZ GRANTED AMNESTY TO MANY THUS AFFECTED. UNDER THE STATE OF EMERGENCY, HOWEVER, SOME DETENTIONS AGAIN HAVE OCCURRED. THE GOP INSISTS SUCH MEASURES ARE DIRECTED EXCLUSIVELY AGAINST THOSE WHO ADVOCATE VIOLENT

OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT.

ARTICLE 10: SOME PERSONS ARRESTED FOR SUSPECTED POLITICAL AND SECURITY VIOLATIONS HAVE NOT HAD AN OPEN COURT HEARING TO DETERMINE RIGHTS AND CHARGES. DETENTION INCOMMUNICADO IS ALSO OCCASIONALLY PRACTICED.

ARTICLE 11: THE RIGHT TO A FAIR TRIAL IS GENERALLY OBSERVED IN PERUVIAN CIVIL COURTS. IN A SMALL NUMBER OF CASES, POLITICAL OR SECURITY FACTORS ARE GIVEN

PRIORITY AND TRIAL IS BY SPECIAL COURTS MARTIAL.
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B. OTHER IMPORTANT FREEDOMS

THE PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT HAS TAKEN ACTIVE STEPS TO IMPROVE ACCESS TO LEGAL RESOURCES AND PROVIDE IMPROVED ECONOMIC AND EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES TO ITS LARGE INDIAN POPULATION, WHICH HAS BEEN EXPLOITED SINCE THE SPANISH CONQUEST.

PERUVIANS ARE FREE TO TRAVEL WITHIN THE COUNTRY, WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF THE RESTRAINTS OF THE PRESENT STATE OF EMERGENCY. NO SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL LIMITATIONS ARE PLACED ON TRAVEL ABROAD.

IN THE PROCESS OF ATTEMPTING TO ACHIEVE BROADER STATE AND POPULAR PARTICIPATION IN PERU'S ECONOMIC PROCESSES, THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT HAS EXPROPRIATED PROPERTY. COMPENSATION HAS BEEN PAID TO U.S. INVESTORS IN THESE CASES UNDER THE AEGIS OF AGREEMENTS NEGOTIATED WITH THE GOOD OFFICES OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

NATIONAL CIRCULATION NEWSPAPERS WERE EXPROPRIATED IN 1974 AND WERE TO BE ASSIGNED WITHIN A SPECIFIED TIME PERIOD TO VARIOUS ORGANIZED SECTORS OF SOCIETY (PEASANTS, LABOR ORGANIZATIONS, INTELLECTUALS, ETC.) UNDER A VARIETY OF GOVERNMENT CONTROLS. HOWEVER, GOVERNMENT RELINQUIRMENT OF DIRECT EDITORIAL CONTROL OF NEWSPAPERS HAS BEEN POSTPONED TWICE SINCE 1974, AND A NEW HIGH-LEVEL COMMISSION HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO STUDY THE SITUATION OF THE PRESS AND MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS. RADIO, TELEVISION AND WIRE SERVICE REPORTINGS ARE MONITORED BY A NATIONAL INFORMATION OFFICE. THE MORALES BERMUDEZ GOVERNMENT PERMITTED PRIVATELY-OWNED WEEKLY JOURNALS CLOSED BY VELASCO TO REOPEN. FOLLOWING THE JULY 1, 1976 DISTURBANCES, HOWEVER, POLITICAL PERIODICALS OF BOTH RIGHT AND LEFT WERE CLOSED.

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ALTHOUGH POLITICAL PARTIES CONTINUE TO EXIST LEGALLY IN PERU, THEY ARE PERMITTED NO DIRECT ROLE IN SHAPING GOVERNMENT POLICIES. UNDER THE PRESENT STATE OF EMERGENCY, THEY DO NOT ENJOY THE RIGHTS OF PUBLIC ASSEMBLY. IN NORMAL TIMES THE PARTIES HOLD OUTDOOR ASSEMBLIES ONLY WITH EXPRESS GOVERNMENT PERMISSION.

1V. OTHER HUMAN RIGHTS REPORTING

AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL'S 1974 REPORT ON TORTURE STATED THAT "POLICE BRUTALITY DURING INTERROGATION OF COMMON AND POLITICAL PRISONERS HAS ALLEGEDLY BEEN COMMON PRACTICE IN PERU FOR MANY YEARS". THE REPORT ALSO ASSERTED THAT WHILE "VERY FEW ALLEGATIONS" HAD BEEN RECEIVED, IT APPEARED THAT SOME TORTURE TECHNIQUES ARE COMMON PRACTICE DURING INTERROGATION OF ALL KINDS OF PRISONERS, ALTHOUGH "THERE IS NO REASON TO TO BELIEVE THAT TORTURE IS CARRIED OUT AFTER THE INTERROGATION STAGE".

AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL'S 1974-75 ANNUAL REPORT ALSO DISCUSSED ALLEGATIONS OF HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS IN PERU. IN MARCH 1975, AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL EXPRESSED ITS APPRECIATION OF PRESIDENT VELASCO'S CONDEMNATION OF POLICE TORTURE AND ANNOUNCEMENT OF AN INVESTIGATION INTO IT.

IN APRIL 1975, HOWEVER, AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL REQUESTED PERUVIAN AUTHORITIES TO INVESTIGATE CLAIMS OF TORTURE MADE BY PEASANTS DETAINED BETWEEN 1972 AND 1974 FOR ALLEGED GUERRILLA ACTIVITY. THEY WERE CONVICTED IN 1975 OF RESORTING TO POLITICAL VIOLENCE. DESPITE THIS CHARGE, AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL ADOPTED THE CASES.

ACCORDING TO ITS 1975-76 ANNUAL REPORT, AMNESTY
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INTERNATIONAL ALSO ADOPTED A NUMBER OF LABOR LAWYERS AND UNION LEADERS, WHO HAD BEEN ARRESTED AND RELEASED INCOMMUNICADO. -IN APRIL-MAY 1976 THEY WERE RELEASED IN AN AMNESTY DECLARED BY THE GOVERNMENT. WITHOUT FURTHER IDENTIFICATION, AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL CITES A TOTAL OF 14 PERUVIAN POLITICAL PRISONERS EITHER UNDER ADOPTION OR INVESTIGATION LEADING TOWARDS ADOPTION.
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